



Summary Statistics	2013	2012	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	47,397	46,754	1.4%
Paid in Cash	36,012	37,291	-3.4%
New Pending Sales	66,307	64,686	2.5%
New Listings	82,102	75,048	9.4%
Median Sale Price	\$130,000	\$103,000	26.2%
Average Sale Price	\$230,109	\$196,544	17.1%
Median Days on Market	47	55	-14.5%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	94.7%	93.2%	1.6%
Inventory (Active Listings)	23,239	20,929	11.0%
Months Supply of Inventory	5.9	5.4	9.5%

Closed Sales	Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of sales transactions which closed during	2013	47,397	1.4%
the year	2012	46,754	-0.6%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	2011	47,025	15.9%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	2010	40,569	25.2%
recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of	2009	32,415	52.9%
month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.	2008	21,199	N/A

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51,000	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
46,000						
41,000						
36,000						
31,000						
31,000						
21,000						



Cash Sales	Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of Closed Sales during the year in which	2013	36,012	-3.4%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	2012	37,291	-0.7%
	2011	37,556	23.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	2010	30,500	42.7%
	2009	21,369	119.2%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.	2008	9,749	N/A

20,600	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
39,600 -						
34,600 -						
29,600 -						
24,600 -						
19,600 -						
14,600 -						
9,600 -						

Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales	Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which	2013	76.0%	-4.7%
were Cash Sales	2012	79.8%	-0.1%
	2011	79.9%	6.2%
Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing	2010	75.2%	14.0%
Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.	2009	65.9%	43.3%
mortgages, owner/sener mancing, assumed toans, etc.	2008	46.0%	N/A

85%	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
75%						
65%						
55%						
45%						
35%						



New Pending Sales	Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of property listings that went from	2013	66,307	2.5%
"Active" to "Pending" status during the year	2012	64,686	1.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	2011	63,499	8.1%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	2010	58,714	17.4%

mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

		Teal-Over-Teal
2013	66,307	2.5%
2012	64,686	1.9%
2011	63,499	8.1%
2010	58,714	17.4%
2009	49,991	38.9%
2008	36,001	N/A

75,900 -	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
65,900 -						
55,900 -						
45,900 -						
35,900 -						

Pending Sales

New Listings

New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note : In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Year	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	82,102	9.4%
2012	75,048	-5.0%
2011	78,984	-17.6%
2010	95,907	6.8%
2009	89,831	-15.1%
2008	105,829	N/A

114,900 -	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
114,900 -						
104,900 -						
94,900 -						
84,900 -						
74,900 -						



Median Sale Price	Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of	2013	\$130,000	26.2%
sales were above and 50% of sales were below)	2012	\$103,000	21.2%
	2011	\$85,000	-3.4%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary	2010	\$88,000	-16.1%
statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.	2009	\$104,900	-34.4%
nomes that may not be characteristic of the market area.	2008	\$160,000	N/A

י ۲ \$170K	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$170K -						
\$150K -						
\$130K -						
\$110K -						
\$90K -						
\$70K -						

Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2013	\$230,109	17.1%
2012	\$196,544	19.6%
2011	\$164,358	-0.6%
2010	\$165,398	-4.5%
2009	\$173,114	-32.5%
2008	\$256,632	N/A

	\$270K	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Sale							
e Sa	\$250K						
rage Price	\$230K						
Чег	\$210K ·						
Ā	\$190K						
	\$170K ·						
	\$150K						

homes in the market.

Median Days on



N/A

Median Days on Market	Year	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The median number of days that properties sold during	2013	47	-14.5%
the year were on the market	2012	55	-17.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Median Days on Market is the amount of time the	2011	67	6.3%
"middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took <i>less</i> time to sell, and 50% of homes took	2010	63	-19.2%
<i>more</i> time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an	2009	78	-27.1%
unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of	0000	407	N 1/A

2008

107

	120 -	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	100 -						
ket	80 -						
Marl	60 -						
2	40 - 20 -						
	0 -	1					

Average Percent of Original List Price Received	Year	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list	2013	94.7%	1.6%
price) across all properties selling during the year	2012	93.2%	3.2%
<i>Economists' note</i> : The Average Percent of Original List Price Received	2011	90.3%	1.1%
is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away	2010	89.3%	5.1%
from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to	2009	85.0%	3.4%
indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another <i>lagging</i> indicator.	2008	82.2%	N/A

	100% ·	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
<u>.</u>							
ο σ Γ	95% ·						
of	90% -						
ct.	85%						
е. Б. Б.							
Avg	80% -						
	75% -						



Percent Change Year-over-Year

11.0%

-24.4%

-35.0%

-6.7%

-24.3%

N/A

60,229

34.1

N/A

nventory (Active Listings)	Year	Inventory	
The number of property listings active at the end of	2013	23,239	
he year	2012	20,929	
	2011	27,685	
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market.	2010	42,568	
We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same	2009	45,606	
calculation for the following year.	0000	co 220	

Inventory

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60,800	70,800 -	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
50,800 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
40,800 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
30,800							
20.800	20,800 -						

2008

2008

Months Supply of Inventory	Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
An estimate of the number of months it will take to	2013	5.9	9.5%
deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates	2012	5.4	-24.0%
	2011	7.1	-43.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for	2010	12.6	-25.4%
a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers	2009	16.9	-50.5%
a sellers' market.	0000	24.4	

	44.0 -	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
y of	34.0 -						
Suppl	24.0 -						
nths S Inven	14.0 -						
Mon	4.0 -	1					



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

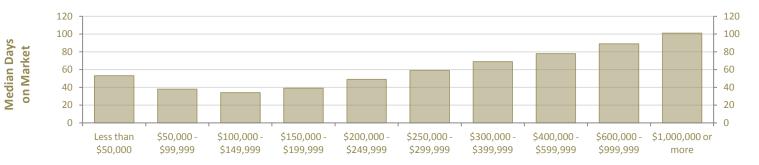
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	5,539	-33.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	12,646	-12.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	8,915	16.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	5,624	17.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	3,495	27.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	2,460	25.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,910	31.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,555	30.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,833	25.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,420	25.0%



Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the year were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this year was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this year took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	53	-3.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	38	-9.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	34	-27.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	39	-26.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	49	-29.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	59	-21.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	69	-16.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	78	-12.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	89	-16.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	101	-20.5%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

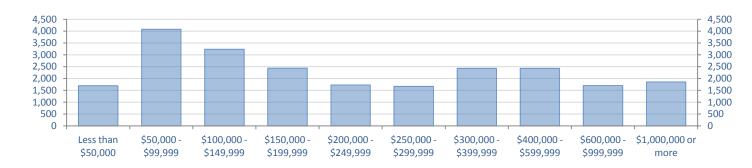
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	7,869	-30.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	19,302	-8.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	14,280	28.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	9,724	26.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	5,995	30.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	5,072	26.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	6,521	41.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	5,825	29.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	3,871	21.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	3,643	25.9%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the year, and hold this number to compare with the same calculation for the following year.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1,696	-22.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4,079	2.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	3,231	34.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2,434	22.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1,726	22.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	1,664	16.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,429	21.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,429	11.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,698	5.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,853	6.3%



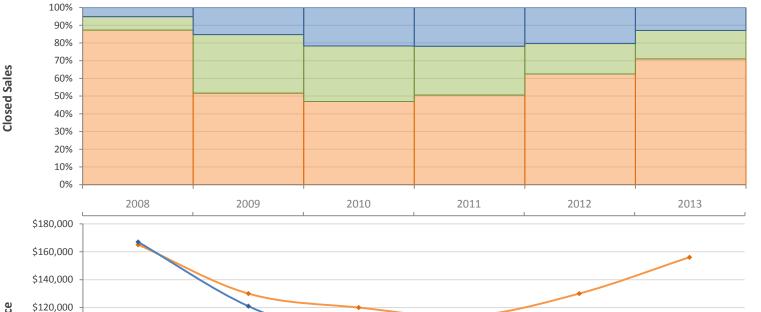
Produced by Greater Fort Lauderdale REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Tuesday, February 11, 2014. Next yearly data release is TBD.

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Traditional Foreclosure/REO Short Sale



Median Sale Price

\$100,000

\$80,000

\$60,000

\$40,000

\$20,000

\$0

2008

2009

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2010

2011

2012

2013